V_{cb} and V_{ub} CKM Matrix Elements

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V_{cb} MEASUREMENTS

For the discussion of V_{cb} measurements, which is not repeated here, see the review on "Determination of $|V_{cb}|$ and $|V_{ub}|$."

The CKM matrix element $|V_{cb}|$ can be determined by studying the rate of the semileptonic decay $B \to D^{(*)}\ell\nu$ as a function of the recoil kinematics of $D^{(*)}$ mesons. Taking advantage of theoretical constraints on the normalization and a linear ω dependence of the form factors ($F(\omega)$, $G(\omega)$) provided by Heavy Quark Effective Theory (HQET), the $|V_{cb}| \times F(\omega)$ and ρ^2 (a^2) can be simultaneously extracted from data, where ω is the scalar product of the two-meson four velocities, $F(1)$ is the form factor at zero recoil ($\omega=1$) and ρ^2 is the slope, sometimes denoted as a^2. Using the theoretical input of $F(1)$, a value of $|V_{cb}|$ can be obtained.

"OUR EVALUATION" is an average using rescaled values of the data listed below. The average and rescaling were performed by the Heavy Flavor Averaging Group (HFAG) and are described at http://www.slac.stanford.edu/xorg/hfag/. The averaging/rescaling procedure takes into account correlations between the measurements.

$|V_{cb}| \times F(1)$ (from $B^0 \to D^{*-}\ell^+\nu$)

VALUE		DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
0.03585±0.00045 OUR EVALUATION with $\rho^2 = 1.207 \pm 0.026$ and a correlation 0.324. The fitted χ^2 is 30.0 for 23 degrees of freedom. [0.03590 ± 0.00045 OUR 2012 EVALUATION]					
0.0360 ±0.0009 OUR AVERAGE Error includes scale factor of 1.5. See the ideogram below.					
0.0346 ±0.0002 ±0.0010	[1] DUNGEL	10	BELL	$e^+e^- \to \Upsilon(4S)$	
0.0359 ±0.0002 ±0.0012	[2] AUBERT	09A	BABR	$e^+e^- \to \Upsilon(4S)$	
0.0359 ±0.0006 ±0.0014	[3] AUBERT	08AT	BABR	$e^+e^- \to \Upsilon(4S)$	
0.0392 ±0.0018 ±0.0023	[4] ABDALLAH	04D	DLPH	$e^+e^- \to Z^0$	
0.0431 ±0.0013 ±0.0018	[5] ADAM	03	CLE2	$e^+e^- \to \Upsilon(4S)$	
0.0355 ±0.0014 $^{+0.0023}_{-0.0024}$	[6] ABREU	01H	DLPH	$e^+e^- \to Z$	
0.0371 ±0.0010 ±0.0020	[7] ABBIENDI	00Q	OPAL	$e^+e^- \to Z$	
0.0319 ±0.0018 ±0.0019	[8] BUSKULIC	97	ALEP	$e^+e^- \to Z$	

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.0344 ±0.0003 ±0.0011	[9] AUBERT	08R	BABR	Repl. by AUBERT 09A	
0.0355 ±0.0003 ±0.0016	[10] AUBERT	05E	BABR	Repl. by AUBERT 08R	
0.0377 ±0.0011 ±0.0019	[11] ABDALLAH	04D	DLPH	$e^+e^- \to Z^0$	
0.0354 ±0.0019 ±0.0018	[12] ABE	02F	BELL	Repl. by DUNGEL 10	
0.0431 ±0.0013 ±0.0018	[13] BRIERE	02	CLE2	$e^+e^- \to \Upsilon(4S)$	
0.0328 ±0.0019 ±0.0022	ACKERSTAFF	97G	OPAL	Repl. by ABBIENDI 00Q	
0.0350 ±0.0019 ±0.0023	[14] ABREU	96P	DLPH	Repl. by ABREU 01H	
0.0351 ±0.0019 ±0.0020	[15] BARISH	95	CLE2	Repl. by ADAM 03	
0.0314 ±0.0023 ±0.0025	BUSKULIC	95N	ALEP	Repl. by BUSKULIC 97	

[1] Uses fully reconstructed $D^{*-}\ell^+\nu$ events ($\ell = e$ or μ).

[2] Obtained from a global fit to $B \to D^{(*)}\ell\nu_\ell$ events, with reconstructed $D^0\ell$ and $D^+\ell$ final states and $\rho^2 = 1.22 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.07$.

[3] Measured using the dependence of $B^- \to D^{*0}e^-\bar\nu_e$ decay differential rate and the form factor description by CAPRINI 98 with $\rho^2 = 1.16 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.08$.

[4] Measurement using fully reconstructed D^* sample with a $\rho^2 = 1.32 \pm 0.15 \pm 0.33$.

[5] Average of the $B^0 \to D^*(2010)^-\ell^+\nu$ and $B^+ \to \overline{D}^*(2007))\ell^+\nu$ modes with $\rho^2 = 1.61 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.21$ and $f_{+-} = 0.521 \pm 0.012$.

[6] ABREU 01H measured using about 5000 partial reconstructed D^* sample with a $\rho^2 = 1.34 \pm 0.14^{+0.24}_{-0.22}$.

[7] ABBIENDI 00Q: measured using both inclusively and exclusively reconstructed $D^{*\pm}$ samples with a $\rho^2 = 1.21 \pm 0.12 \pm 0.20$. The statistical and systematic correlations between $|V_{cb}| \times F(1)$ and ρ^2 are 0.90 and 0.54 respectively.

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[8] BUSKULIC 97: measured using exclusively reconstructed $D^{*\pm}$ with a $a^2=0.31 \pm 0.17 \pm 0.08$. The statistical correlation is 0.92.

[9] Measured using fully reconstructed D^* sample and a simultaneous fit to the Caprini-Lellouch-Neubert form factor parameters: $\rho^2 = 1.191 \pm 0.048 \pm 0.028$, $R_1(1) = 1.429 \pm 0.061 \pm 0.044$, and $R_2(1) = 0.827 \pm 0.038 \pm 0.022$.

[10] Measurement using fully reconstructed D^* sample with a $\rho^2 = 1.29 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.27$.

[11] Combines with previous partial reconstructed D^* measurement with a $\rho^2 = 1.39 \pm 0.10 \pm 0.33$.

[12] Measured using exclusive $B^0 \to D^*(892)^- e^+ \nu$ decays with $\rho^2 = 1.35 \pm 0.17 \pm 0.19$ and a correlation of 0.91.

[13] BRIERE 02 result is based on the same analysis and data sample reported in ADAM 03.

[14] ABREU 96P: measured using both inclusively and exclusively reconstructed $D^{*\pm}$ samples.

[15] BARISH 95: measured using both exclusive reconstructed $B^0 \to D^{*-}\ell^+\nu$ and $B^+ \to D^{*0}\ell^+\nu$ samples. They report their experiment's uncertainties $\pm 0.0019 \pm 0.0018 \pm 0.0008$, where the first error is statistical, the second is systematic, and the third is the uncertainty in the lifetimes. We combine the last two in quadrature.

WEIGHTED AVERAGE
0.0360±0.0009 (Error scaled by 1.5)

			χ^2
DUNGEL	10	BELL	1.8
AUBERT	09A	BABR	0.0
AUBERT	08AT	BABR	0.0
ABDALLAH	04D	DLPH	1.2
ADAM	03	CLE2	10.3
ABREU	01H	DLPH	0.0
ABBIENDI	00Q	OPAL	0.3
BUSKULIC	97	ALEP	2.4
			16.0

(Confidence Level = 0.025)

0.025 0.03 0.035 0.04 0.045 0.05 0.055

$\left|V_{cb}\right| \times F(1)$ (from $B^0 \to D^{*-}\ell^+\nu$)

$\left|V_{cb}\right| \times G(1)$ (from $B \to D^-\ell^+\nu$)

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
0.04251±0.00156 OUR EVALUATION				with $\rho^2=1.184 \pm 0.055$ and a correlation 0.822.

The fitted χ^2 is 0.7 for 8 degrees of freedom.   [0.04264 ± 0.00153 OUR 2012 EVALUATION]

0.0421 ±0.0016 OUR AVERAGE

		DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
0.0423 ±0.0019 ±0.0014	[16]	AUBERT	10	BABR	$e^+e^- \to \Upsilon(4S)$
0.0431 ±0.0008 ±0.0023	[17]	AUBERT	09A	BABR	$e^+e^- \to \Upsilon(4S)$
0.0411 ±0.0044 ±0.0052	[18]	ABE	02E	BELL	$e^+e^- \to \Upsilon(4S)$
0.0416 ±0.0047 ±0.0037	[19]	BARTELT	99	CLE2	$e^+e^- \to \Upsilon(4S)$
0.0278 ±0.0068 ±0.0065	[20]	BUSKULIC	97	ALEP	$e^+e^- \to Z$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.0337 ±0.0044 $^{+0.0072}_{-0.0049}$	[21]	ATHANAS	97	CLE2	Repl. by BARTELT 99

[16] Obtained from a fit to the combined $B \to \overline{D}\ell^+\nu_\ell$ sample in which a hadronic decay of the second B meson is fully reconstructed and $\rho^2 = 1.20 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.04$.

[17] Obtained from a global fit to $B \to D^{(*)}\ell\nu_\ell$ events, with reconstructed $D^0\ell$ and $D^+\ell$ final states and $\rho^2 = 1.20 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.07$.

[18] Using the missing energy and momentum to extract kinematic information about the undetected neutrino in the $B^0 \to D^-\ell^+\nu$ decay.

[19] BARTELT 99: measured using both exclusive reconstructed $B^0 \to D^-\ell^+\nu$ and $B^+ \to D^0\ell^+\nu$ samples.

[20] BUSKULIC 97: measured using exclusively reconstructed $D^\pm$ with a $a^2=-0.05 \pm 0.53 \pm 0.38$. The statistical correlation is 0.99.

[21] ATHANAS 97: measured using both exclusive reconstructed $B^0 \to D^-\ell^+\nu$ and $B^+ \to D^0\ell^+\nu$ samples with a $\rho^2=0.59 \pm 0.22 \pm 0.12^{+0.59}_{-0}$. They report their experiment's uncertainties $\pm 0.0044 \pm 0.0048^{+0.0053}_{-0.0012}$, where the first error is statistical, the second is systematic, and the third is the uncertainty due to the form factor model variations. We combine the last two in quadrature.

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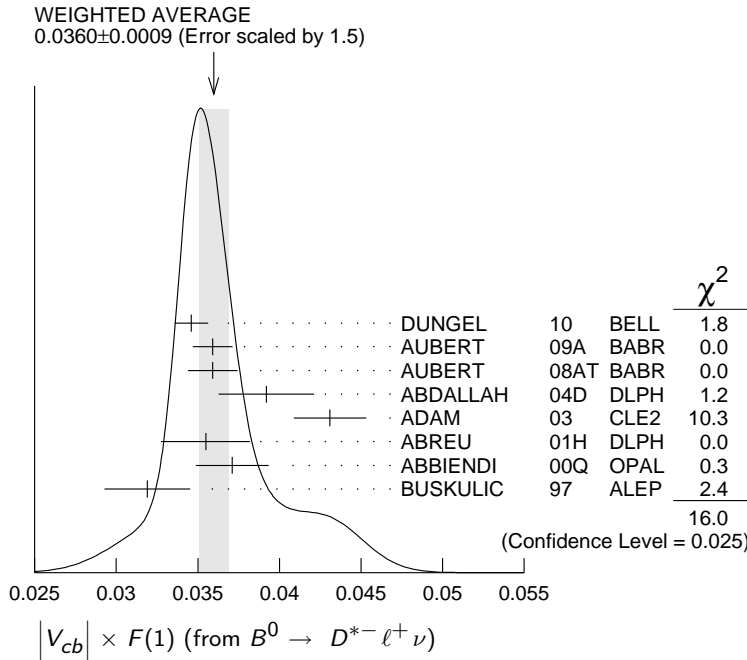NODE=S052CB1;LINKAGE=CF
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V_{ub} MEASUREMENTS

For the discussion of V_{ub} measurements, which is not repeated here, see the review on "Determination of $\left|V_{cb}\right|$ and $\left|V_{ub}\right|$."

The CKM matrix element $\left|V_{ub}\right|$ can be determined by studying the rate of the charmless semileptonic decay $b \rightarrow u\ell\nu$. The relevant branching ratio measurements based on exclusive and inclusive decays can be found in the B Listings, and are not repeated here.

V_{cb} and V_{ub} CKM Matrix Elements REFERENCES

AUBERT	10	PRL 104 011802	B. Aubert *et al.*	(BABAR Collab.)	REFID=53189
DUNGEL	10	PR D82 112007	W. Dungel *et al.*	(BELLE Collab.)	REFID=53579
AUBERT	09A	PR D79 012002	B. Aubert *et al.*	(BABAR Collab.)	REFID=52640
AUBERT	08AT	PRL 100 231803	B. Aubert *et al.*	(BABAR Collab.)	REFID=52368
AUBERT	08R	PR D77 032002	B. Aubert *et al.*	(BABAR Collab.)	REFID=52226
AUBERT	05E	PR D71 051502	B. Aubert *et al.*	(BABAR Collab.)	REFID=50510
ABDALLAH	04D	EPJ C33 213	J. Abdallah *et al.*	(DELPHI Collab.)	REFID=49916
ADAM	03	PR D67 032001	N.E. Adam *et al.*	(CLEO Collab.)	REFID=49204
ABE	02E	PL B526 258	K. Abe *et al.*	(BELLE Collab.)	REFID=48601
ABE	02F	PL B526 247	K. Abe *et al.*	(BELLE Collab.)	REFID=48602
BRIERE	02	PRL 89 081803	R. Briere *et al.*	(CLEO Collab.)	REFID=48758
ABREU	01H	PL B510 55	P. Abreu *et al.*	(DELPHI Collab.)	REFID=48075
ABBIENDI	00Q	PL B482 15	G. Abbiendi *et al.*	(OPAL Collab.)	REFID=47640
BARTELT	99	PRL 82 3746	J. Bartelt *et al.*	(CLEO Collab.)	REFID=47004
CAPRINI	98	NP B530 153	I. Caprini, L. Lellouch, M. Neubert	(BCIP, CERN)	REFID=52699
ACKERSTAFF	97G	PL B395 128	K. Ackerstaff *et al.*	(OPAL Collab.)	REFID=45260
ATHANAS	97	PRL 79 2208	M. Athanas *et al.*	(CLEO Collab.)	REFID=45598
BUSKULIC	97	PL B395 373	D. Buskulic *et al.*	(ALEPH Collab.)	REFID=45291
ABREU	96P	ZPHY C71 539	P. Abreu *et al.*	(DELPHI Collab.)	REFID=44932
BARISH	95	PR D51 1014	B.C. Barish *et al.*	(CLEO Collab.)	REFID=44139
BUSKULIC	95N	PL B359 236	D. Buskulic *et al.*	(ALEPH Collab.)	REFID=44475